MLA

MODERN LANGUAGE ASSOCIATION

General Rules

MLA is used in the Humanities department (English, theatre, Art)

Double-space your works cited and use a legible font (e.g. Times New Roman). The font size should be 12 pt.

Citations are listed alphabetically

BOOKS

- Requires the author name (s) in the order they appear
- The title of the book must be placed in *italics*. If there is a subtitle to the book, place a colon between the title and subtitle:
 The Hand: How its shapes the Prain

The Hand: How its shapes the Brain.

- Requires the edition used and the number of volumes used.
- City of publication, name of publisher and the year
- Include the medium at the end of the citation (print/web)

Johnson, Roberta. Salt: A World History. New York: Walker, 2002. print

Located on the copyright page of the book

The Most Awesome Book Ever

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Periodicals

- All print media (magazines, newspapers..)
- Authors name, "title of the article" (in quotations)
- Name of periodical in italics
- Series number (if needed)
- Volume number (for scholarly journals)
- Issue # (available for scholarly journal)
- Date of publication, page numbers
- Medium of publication

Example

 Magazine
 Poniewozik, James. "TV Makes a Too-Close Call." *Time* 20 Nov. 2000:70-71. Print

Newspaper

Krugman, Andrew. "Fear of Eating." New York Times 21May 2007 A1. Print

Internet -(site that stands as an independent work.)

- Authors last name, first name.
- Title of the work (in italics)
- Title of the overall website (if different from the title of the work)
- Name of publisher or sponsor
- Date of publication or last updated
- Medium
- Date of access
- MLA no longer requires the use of URLs in MLA citations. Because Web addresses are not static (i.e., they change often) and because documents sometimes appear in multiple places on the Web (e.g., on multiple databases), MLA explains that most readers can find electronic sources via title or author searches in Internet Search Engines

URL** provide web address (URL) only if teacher requests it or if the reader will not be able to find the web page without it. It would be placed after the period following the date of access. Be sure to put < > around the URL and end the
 citation with a period.

Editor, author, or compiler name (if available). Name of Site. Version number. Name of institution/organization affiliated with the site (sponsor or publisher), date of resource creation (if available). Medium of publication. Date of access. Citing from a website:

Note: The first portion of an internet citation is very similar to a citation from an anthology. The individual article is in quotation marks, and the name of the larger source site is in italics.

Lastname, First. "Title of Article in Quotation Marks." Website Title in Italics.

Web Sponsors, Date Last Updated. Medium. Date Accessed.

Note: For internet source citations the web sponsors take on the position of publishers. For instance, a site about Shark Week would be "published" by The Discovery Channel. Can't find this? Use the abbreviation "n.d." (no date) instead.

For instructors or editors who still require the use of URLs, MLA suggests that the URL appear in angle brackets after the date of access. Break URLs only after slashes.

Aristotle. Poetics. Trans. S. H. Butcher. The Internet Classics Archive. Web Atomic and Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 13 Sept. 2007. Web. 4 Nov. 2008. (http://classics.mit.edu/).

Example

Foley, Ann. Romantic Poetry in Canada. The Poet's Corner. The Canadian Poetry Guild, 2010. Web 1 April 2010. www.romaticpoetryincanda.ca Felluga, Dino. Guide to Literary and Critical Theory. Purdue U, 28 Nov. 2003. Web. 10 May 2006.

















